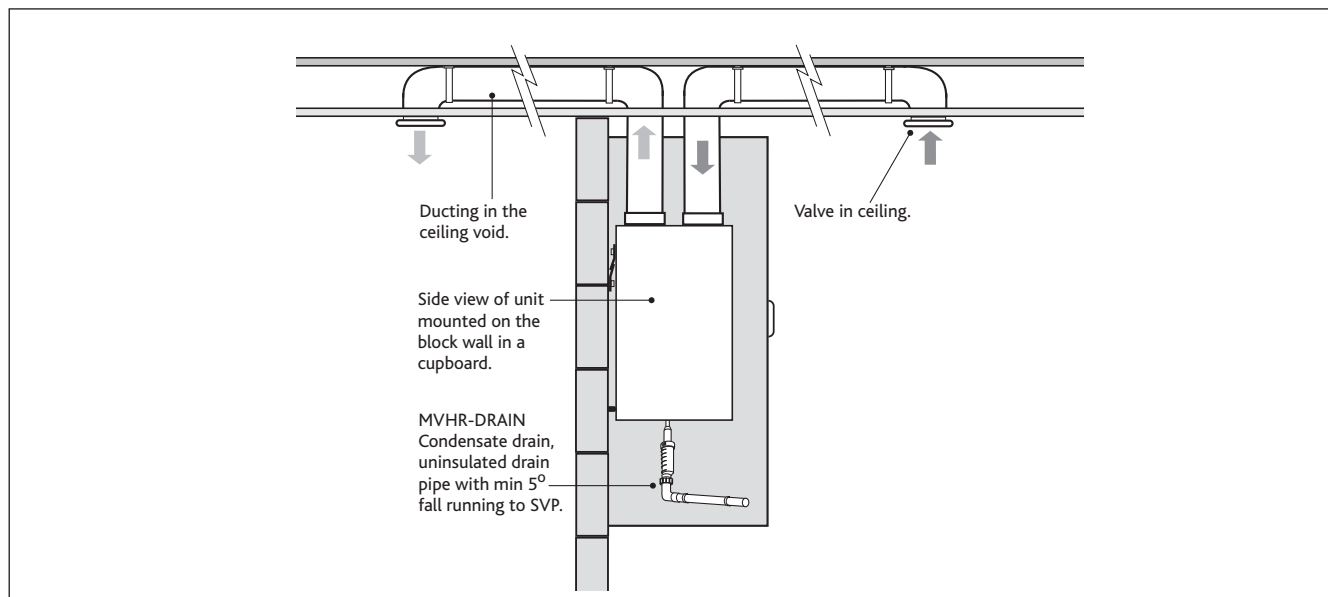


2.2 Option 1: Wall Mounting

The MVHR unit fixed to a solid wall construction using the mounting bracket provided.

Figure 5. Typical example of a cupboard mounted unit (Standard unit) fixed to a block work wall.



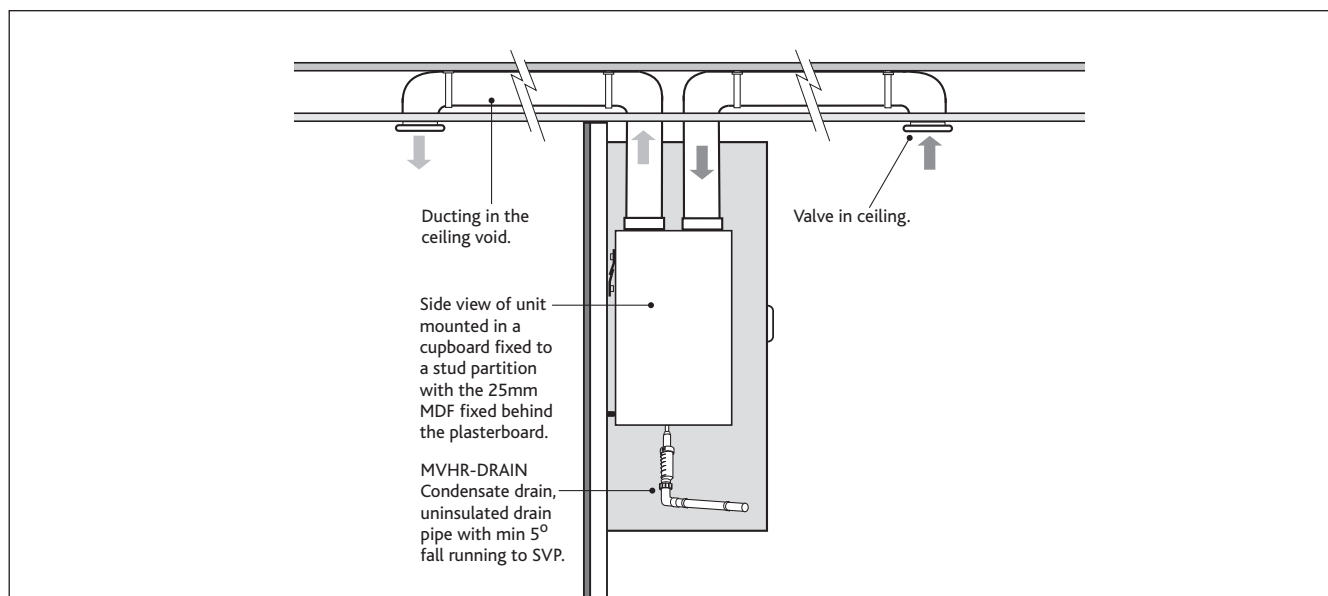
Option 2: Wall Mounting

If it is not practical to use a solid wall, the MVHR unit should be fixed to a stud partition with a 25mm minimum thickness MDF panel solidly fixed behind the plasterboard.

If fixing to a stud wall the MDF panel should extend, width wise, over a minimum of 3 vertical studs with centres of no more than 400mm. Add additional vertical supports if necessary. Height wise, ideally, the MDF panel should extend from floor to ceiling but as a minimum should be a least 2m high.

Fix the mounting bracket to the wall (as fig 3) and use the wall mounted bracket to mount the unit on (as shown in fig 4).

Figure 6. Typical example of a cupboard mounted unit (Standard unit) fixed to a stud partition with the MDF panel fixed behind the plasterboard.



2.3 Condensate Drain

1. The condensate must be discharged under a water level in a U-trap drainpipe or an alternative drain method which acts as an airlock.
2. This condensate discharge connection is suitable for 21.5mm dia. overflow pipe. Solvent cement should be used to make the joint.
3. If using a U-trap please ensure the U-trap has been filled to a suitable level of water to avoid any air locks.
4. If the condensation pipe is fitted in an unheated space the pipe should be in insulated to prevent freezing.

Nuair recommend MVHR-DRAIN be used as the primary condensate take-off. (see figure 8b and 8c.

Figure 7a. Wet option. Condensate pipe connection to unit and a typical example of a "U" trap drainpipe. (Standard configuration only).

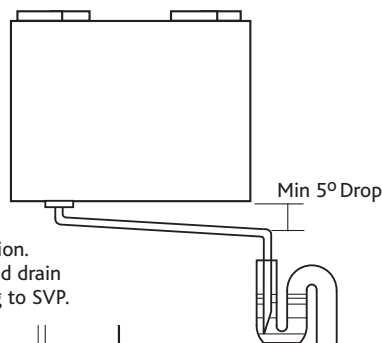


Figure 7b. MVHR-DRAIN option. Condensate drain, uninsulated drain pipe with min 5° fall running to SVP.

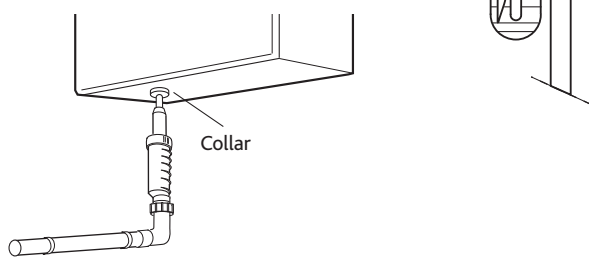
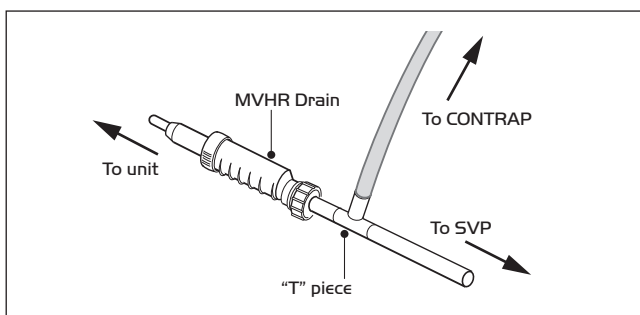


Figure 7c. IMPORTANT: When using a "T" Piece to connect the CONTRAP drainage and the MVHR drain pipework the MVHR drain must always be fitted before the "T" Piece to prevent condensate from feeding back into the MVHR system.



2.4 Extract/input areas

The unit is designed to extract air from all wet rooms e.g. bathroom, kitchen, en-suite, utility room (with sink).
 WC's do not need to be ventilated if openable windows are fitted.
 Supply air should be to all habitable rooms e.g. bedrooms and lounge.
 Extract / input grilles should be adjustable valve types (not supplied).
 External grilles to have a minimum free area of 12,250 sq mm.

2.5 Ducting

Before commencing ducting installation reference should be made to building regulations document "Domestic ventilation compliance guide". This document supports ADF2010 and details installation, testing and commissioning of all ventilation systems.
 It is recommended that rigid ducting be used at all times.
 Flexible ducting has a very high resistance and it is impossible to calculate how much resistance will be on a system if used.

If used the flexible ducting must be kept to a minimum and should always be pulled taut. A maximum of 300mm should be used on each leg.

To prevent condensation on the outside of the outside air inlet duct and the air outlet duct from the unit, these ducts should be insulated.

Ducting must be installed in such a way that resistance to airflow is minimised. Bends should be kept to a minimum.

A minimum distance of 300mm between the appliance and any bends in ductwork is recommended.

Ideally 150mm diameter or 204 x 60mm rectangular ducting should be used. (Refer to dwelling design drawing, figure 9a and 9b on page 5 for further information).

Ducting joints must be sealed with silicone type sealant and shall be adequately and reliably fixed to the appliance.

2.6 Ventilation flow rates

Table 1.

ADF 2010 – Extract ventilation rates		
Room	Min high rate	Min low rate
Kitchen	13 l/s	Total extract rate should be at least the whole dwelling ventilation rate given in table 2.
Utility room	8 l/s	
Bathroom	8 l/s	
Sanitary accommodation	6 l/s	

Table 2.

	Number of bedrooms in dwelling				
	1	2	3	4	5
Whole dwelling ventilation rate l/s	13	17	21	25	29

Notes:

1. In addition, the minimum ventilation rate should be not less than 0.3 l/s per m² of internal floor area. (This includes all floors, e.g. for a two-story building add the ground and first floor areas).
2. This is based on two occupants in the main bedroom and a single occupant in all other bedrooms. This should be used as the default value. If a greater level of occupancy is expected add 4 l/s per occupant.

IMPORTANT

Any air intake terminal MUST be installed in accordance with the appropriate regulation.
 As a guide, the BS5440 series of British Standards deals with this issue and currently states that an air intake must be at a minimum distance of 300mm from a gas boiler balanced flue.
 Installers are advised to be aware of the requirements of this standard when installing 'through the wall' supply air ducting.

2.7 ADF 2010 Ventilation Calculations Design of MVHR Systems

The MVHR system has been sized for the winter period. Additional ventilation may be required during the warmer months and it has been assumed that the provisions for purge ventilation (e.g. openable windows) could be used.

Step 1: For any design air permeability, determine the whole dwelling ventilation supply rate from Table 2.

As an alternative where the design air permeability is intended to be leakier than (>) 5m³/(h.m²) 50 Pa, allow for infiltration for all dwelling types by subtracting from the whole dwelling ventilation supply rate from Table 2; 0.04 x gross internal volume of the dwelling heated space (m³).

Step 2: Calculate the whole dwelling extract ventilation rate by summing the individual room rates for 'minimum high rate' from Table 1.

(For sanitary accommodation only, as an alternative, the purge ventilation provisions given in ADF 2010 can be used where security is not an issue. In this case 'minimum high extract rate' for the sanitary accommodation should be omitted from the step 2 calculation).

Step 3: The required airflow rates are as follows:

- the maximum whole dwelling extract ventilation rate (e.g. boost) should be at least the greater of step 1 and step 2.
Note that the maximum individual room extract rate should be at least those given in table 1. for minimum high rate.
- the minimum air supply rate should be at least the whole building ventilation rate found in step 1.

For Scotland refer to BRE Digest 398.

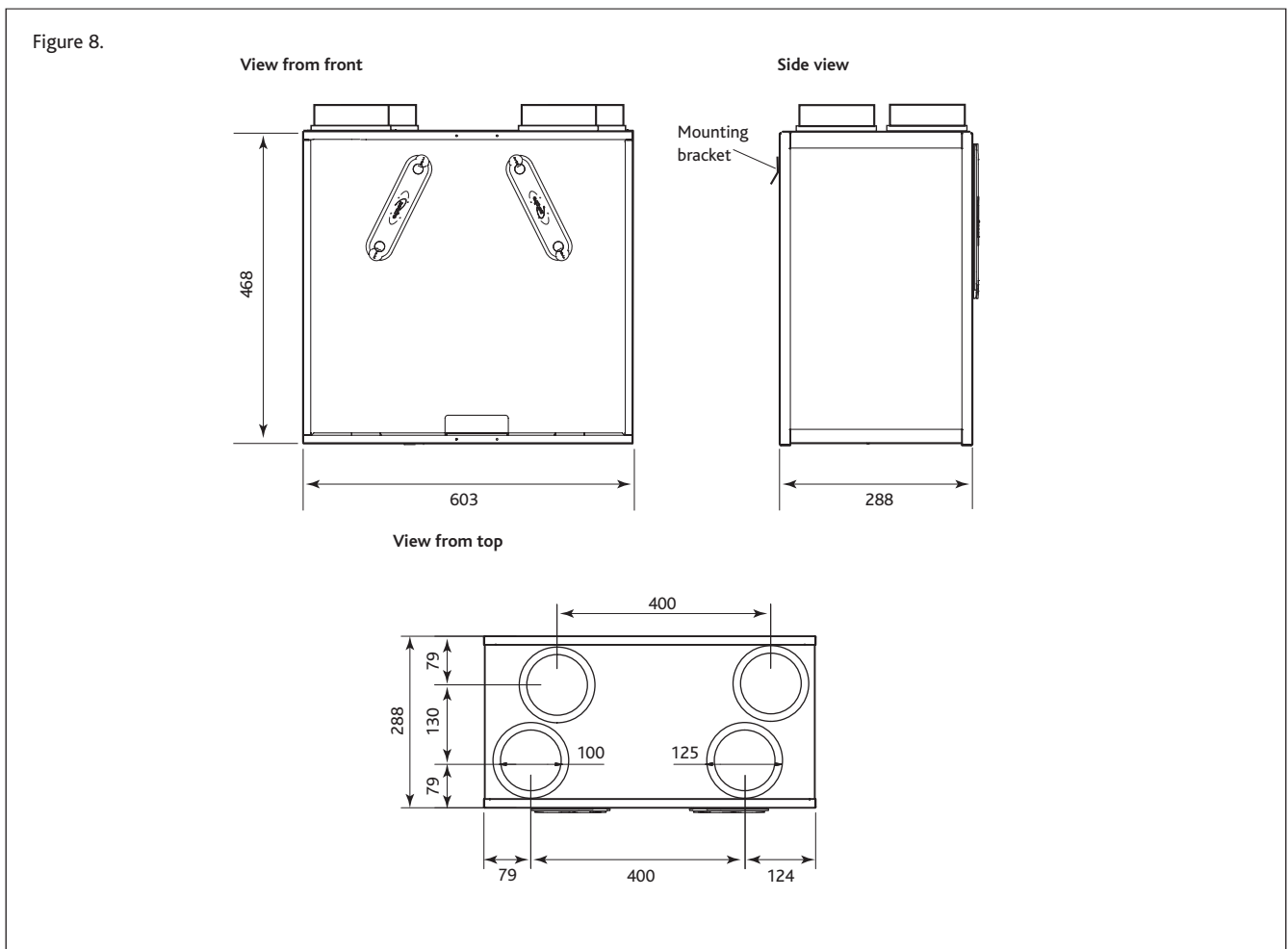
For further information refer to "Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide" www.planningportal.gov.uk/buildingregulations/approveddocuments/partl/compliance

Pre Commissioning MRXBOX95 MVHR Units

MRXBOX95 units are designed to ventilate the whole dwelling and must not be used during site construction or the clean-up period. Cement and plaster dust can be abrasive and can affect fan performance and reliability. Please ensure that the filters are checked prior to commissioning to ensure there is no build-up of dust or debris.

While the property is drying out, very high moisture levels are likely to occur. Therefore it is advisable that if the installation and building works are complete the unit is left running. If the building works are not complete please close the air valves or cover up the air valves to prevent condensation forming in the ductwork and the MRXBOX95 unit due to natural migration of warm air.

3.0 Dimensions



4.0 Ducting Arrangements - Standard Configuration

Figure 9a. Typical ducted arrangement for a wall mounted unit using circular ducting.

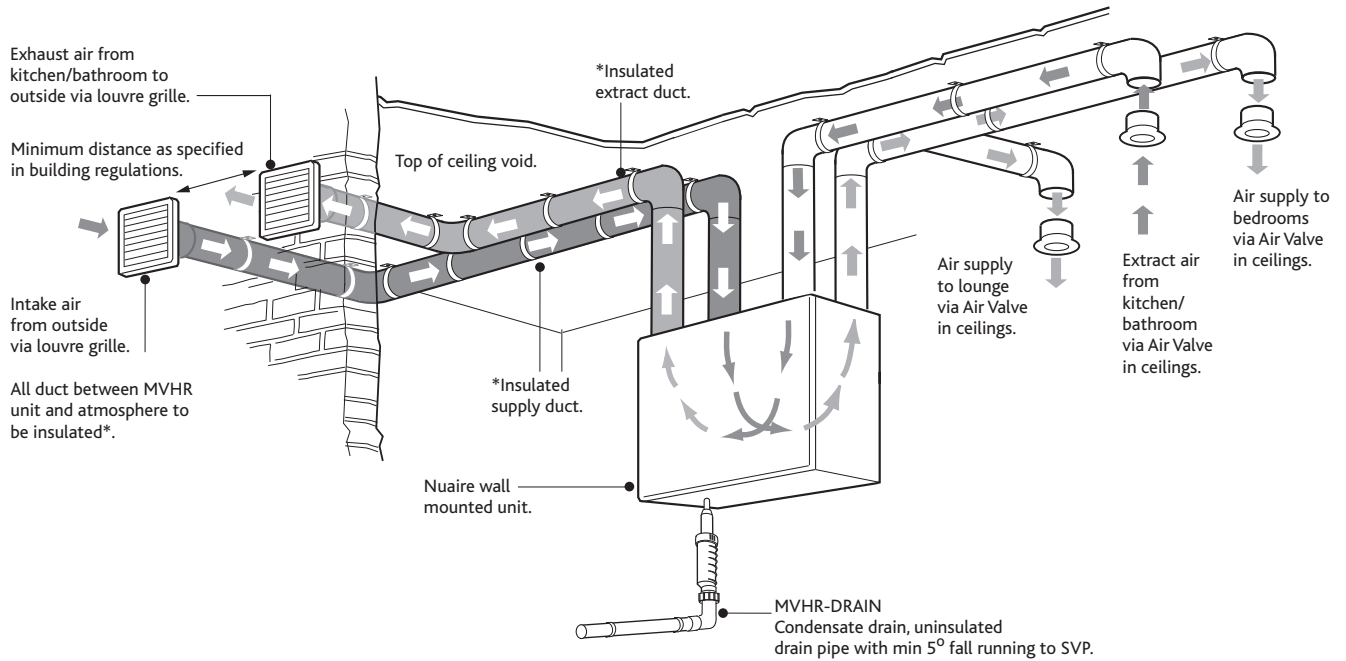
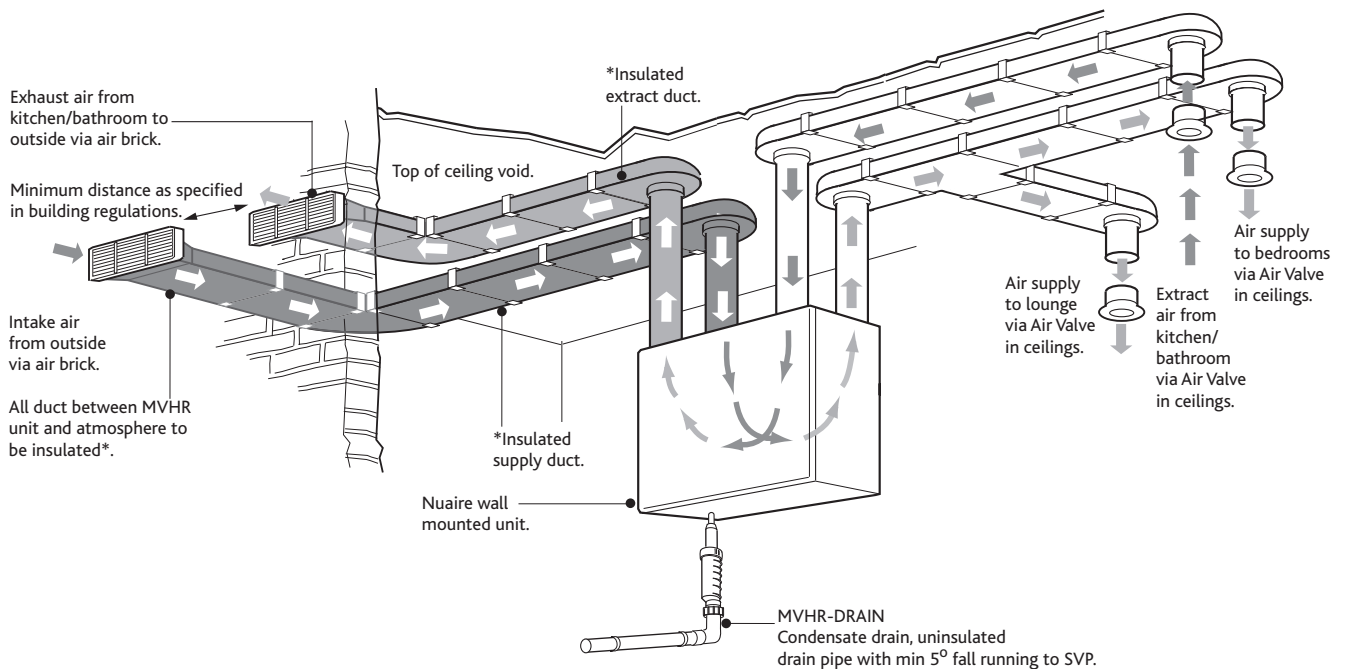


Figure 9b. Typical ducted arrangement for a wall mounted unit using rectangular ducting.



ALSO FROM NUAIRE -

New **ductmasjer** range of thermal ducting, an all-in-one insulated ducting system. (see installation document 671620).



5.0 Electrical Connection

IMPORTANT

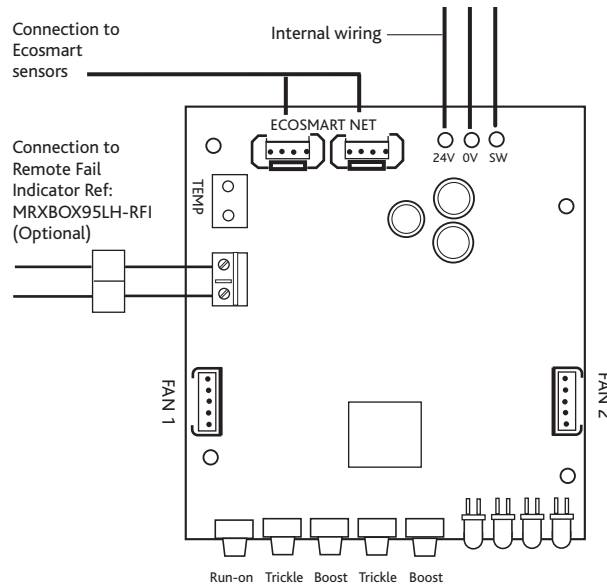
For good EMC engineering practice, any sensor cables or switched live cables should not be placed within 50mm of other cables or on the same metal cable tray as other cables.

Please note: the electrical connection of the unit must be carried out by a qualified electrician.

The unit is supplied with a flexible cord for connection to the mains supply.

Figure 10.

Note: Wiring is for reference purposes only as the connections in fig. 10 are factory fitted. The unit is pre-wired with a 2 metre fly lead.



Electrical details:-

Voltage: 240V 1ph 50Hz

Consumption: 75W - 0.6 Amp

Fuse rating: 3 Amp

NOTE This unit must be earthed.

The four core cable from the mains power supply should be connected to a fixed wiring installation, via a fused isolator, in accordance with current IEE wiring regulations.

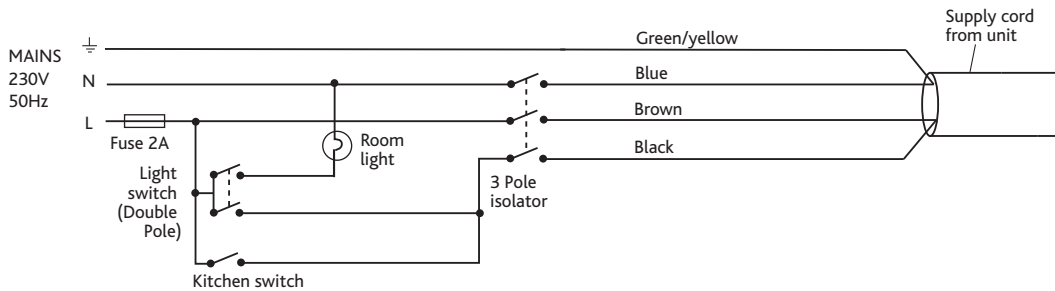
5.1 Optional Connections

Ecosmart control (see figure 10) The IDC plug-in connectors are provided for the connection of compatible sensors.

NOTE: Do not run the data cable in the same conduit as the mains cable and leave a 50mm separation with any power cables.

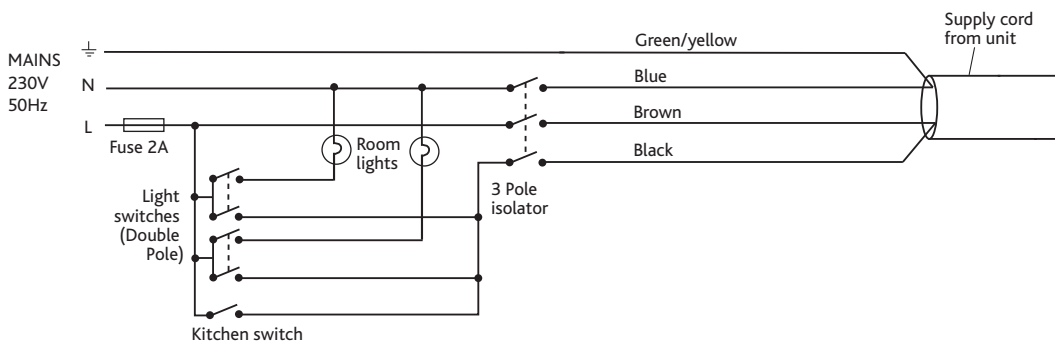
Unit serving kitchen and bathroom

Figure 11.



Unit serving kitchen and two bathrooms

Figure 12.



5.2 Optional Controls For further information contact Nuaire on 029 2085 8400.

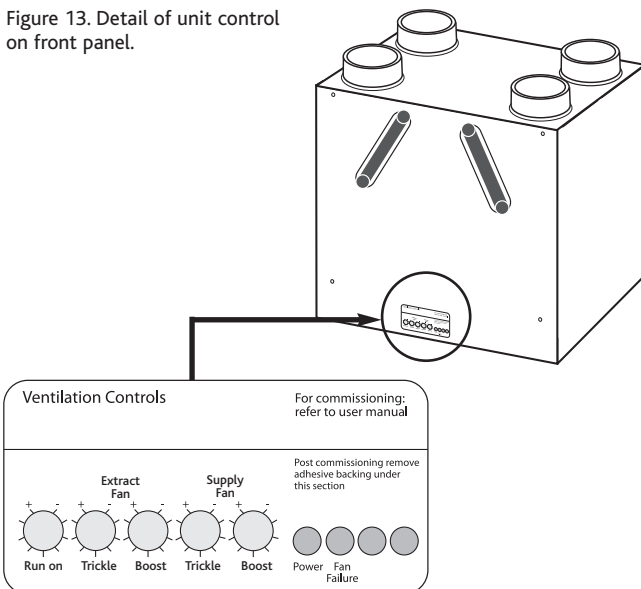
6.0 Commissioning

IMPORTANT

The filters fitted inside the unit are protected with a plastic film. Prior to commissioning remove the covers (figs 14/15), take off the film and replace.

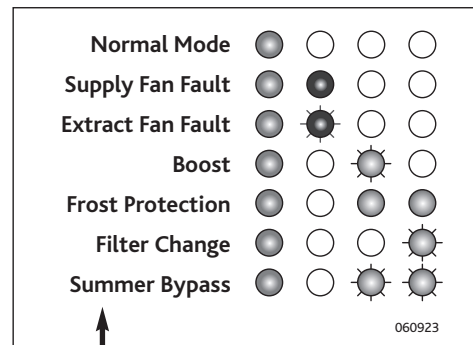
1. For the required air flow rates please refer to the design specification for the property, follow 2.4, or refer to building regulations ADF 2010.
2. The unit is supplied with independent control for both normal and boost airflows. (see fig. 13).
3. Correct commissioning is essential to ensure the ventilation air flowrates are met. It also ensures the unit is not over ventilating and causing excessive power consumption.
4. Commissioning should be carried out in accordance with building regulations document "Domestic ventilation compliance guide". www.planningportal.gov.uk/building-regulations/approved-documents/partf/associated
A calibrated moving vane anemometer and hood will be required to carry out commissioning.
5. Adjustment valves should be locked in place to prevent further adjustment.
6. Once commissioned the home owner / tenant should be informed that the unit should not be adjusted as it will have a detrimental effect on the indoor air quality and could result in condensation and mould growth. The label covering the control has an adhesive panel which should be removed post commissioning to prevent tampering.
7. The trickle flow rate is limited to never exceed the boost rate, when commissioning the boost rate should always be set first.

Figure 13. Detail of unit control on front panel.



7.0 Status Indication

The status of the unit is indicated by a series of LED's on the front cover. The variants are listed below.



Summer Bypass (AB unit only).

8.0 Thermal Bypass (Non AB models)

In the event of excessive outside temperatures, and to help prevent over-heating, the supply fan will automatically reduce to a trickle speed. Under these circumstances additional ventilation measures may be required e.g. open windows or trickle vents (if fitted).

9.0 Maintenance/Cleaning

IMPORTANT

Isolation - Before commencing work make sure that the unit, switched live and Nuair control are electrically isolated from the mains supply and switched live supply.

We recommend that the two G3 filters are inspected after 6 months, and replaced every 12 to 18 months. The filters can be removed from the unit by removing the two filter covers on the front panel of the unit. Take hold of the two circular tabs either end of the filter covers and pull out.

The filter can now be extracted by pulling the removal loop on the front edge of the filter. Once the filters have been inspected return or replace them as necessary. Inspect the heat exchanger every 5 years. Generally check for damage and security of components. Refit cover.

Figure 14. Removing the two filter covers on the front panel of the unit.

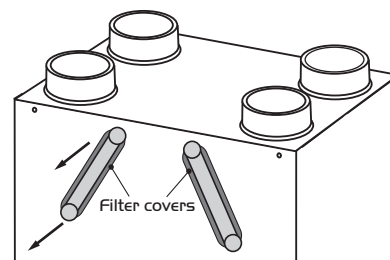
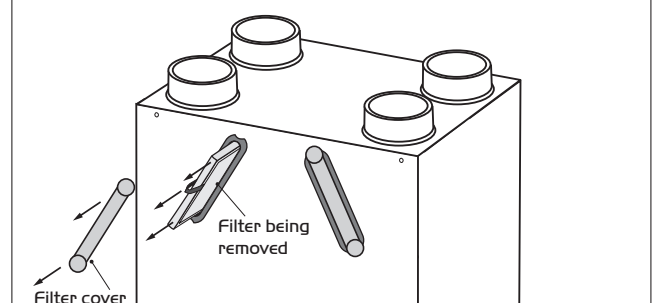


Figure 15. The filters can be removed by pulling on the black tab on the visible end of the filters.



10.0 Replacement of Parts

Should any component need replacing Nuaire keep extensive stocks for quick delivery. Ensure that the unit is electrically isolated, before carrying out any work.

Note: The supply cable must be replaced by an electrically competent person.

When ordering spare parts, please quote the serial number of the unit and the ARC number of the purchase if possible.

(This information will be available on the fan label).

11.0 Warranty

The 5 year warranty starts from the day of delivery and includes parts and labour for the first year and parts only for the remaining 4 years.

This warranty is void if the equipment is modified without authorisation, is incorrectly applied, misused, disassembled, or not installed, commissioned and maintained in accordance with the details contained in this manual and general good practice.

The product warranty applies to the UK mainland and in accordance with Clause 14 of our Conditions of Sale. Customers purchasing from outside of the UK should contact Nuaire International Sales office for further details.

12.0 After Sales Enquiries

For technical assistance or further product information, including spare parts and replacement components, please contact the After Sales Department.

Telephone 02920 858 400